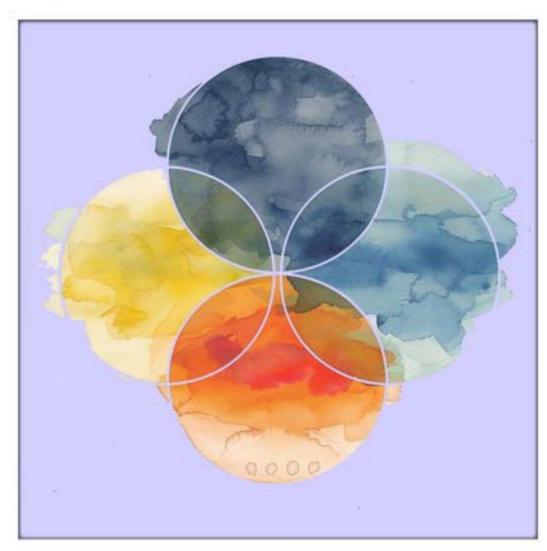


FOLLOW













362 likes

YOICE YOUR CHOICE



Student Portfolio



Voice Your Choice

Student Portfolio

In this unit, we will explore who you are and what makes you happy. We will learn about the Japanese idea of Ikigai, which is about finding a balance between what you love, what you're good at, what the world needs, and what you can be paid for. We will also practice important language skills like using verbs correctly and learning new words.



Table of Contents

Topic	Language Skills	Language Focus and Assessment	Page
Lesson 1 Invitation to Learn	 Written Reception: Discover yourself quiz Collective collage Class presentations 	> Exit Ticket: writing 3 questions	6
PART I Introduc	ction to Ikigai		
GATE 3 Driving Question: What do you want to be when you grow up?	 Dr. Mark Warren's research Generate a career counselor 		11
Lesson 2 > GATE 3 Research What is IKIGAI? > Written Production: examples of Ikigai elements > Written Reception: What is Ikigai?		Verb patterns with -ingExit Ticket: Write your goal	14 15
PART II What the	World Needs		
Lesson 3 Tikkun Olam	 Social Interaction: brainstorm in groups Written Reception and production: Role models (letter + actions) Written Reception: Tikkun Olam Written Production: Writing task 	 When do we use make and when do we use do? there is/there are Vocabulary: what the world needs Exit Ticket: Making a change 	27
 Lesson 4 Trading Cards a superhero profile I prompts to create image Spoken Interaction: group card games 		> Exit Ticket: play card game	42



Topic	Language Skills	Language Focus and Assessment	Page
PART III What you	love and what you are good at		
Lesson 5-6 The 3 Hobbies Rules	 Spoken Interaction: hobbies Spoken or Written reception: hobbies video the 3 hobbies rule Written production: choosing a hobby 	 hobbies collocations good at/good with Exit Ticket: Reflection questions 	46
Lesson 7 Learning to Learn	 Spoken Interaction describing steps to learn a new skill Onion Speaking game Written Reception: steps to learn a new skill Elon Musk Written Reception: Learning styles 	 Collocations: ways to learn Exit Ticket: Using Collocations 	57
Lesson 8 Learning from Failure	 Gate 3 Research Famous Failures Written Reception and Spoken interaction: Famous Failures Mike Boyd Written Production: Picasso diary Spoken Reception: Picasso's napkin You can learn anything 	> Exit Ticket: Reflective writing	66
Lesson 9 Persistence	 Spoken Interaction: something you are good at Written Production: Teens who are very good at what they do Written Reception: Calvin Coolidge 	> Exit Ticket: Reflect and Share	74



Торіс	Language Skills	Language Focus and Assessment	Page
Part IV What you	can be paid for		
GATE 3 Turning Your Hobby into a career	> Research how to turn your hobby into a career		81
Lesson 10 Financial Literacy	 Spoken Reception: Financial literacy Written Reception and Spoken Interaction: Instagram budget 	> Vocabulary : money> Exit Ticket: Writing task	82
Lesson 11-12 Literature	Nursery Rhyme: Find a Penny > Written Reception: the poem > Written Production: • jigsaw Characteristics of a Nursery Rhyme • Translate an Israeli Nursery Rhyme A Fairy Tale: The Magic Penny > Written Reception and Spoken Interaction: the fairy tale	 Vocabulary: jobs, verbs that match the jobs work in/work as suffix -er Exit Ticket: vision board 	88
	A Song: I Need a Dollar > Written Reception: the song > Written Production: • TV mini series • songwriter's life + compare and contrast		
Part V Final Proje	ct		
GATE 3 Multipotentialites	> Emilie Wapnick TED> Researching multipotentialites		105



Topic	Language Skills	Language Focus and Assessment	Page
Lesson 13-14 Creating your Career Chatbot	> Written Reception: Exploring chatbots> Written Production:		108
Appendix			
Summative Assessment			
Extra Unseen Practice			
Glossary + Irregular verb list			114



LESSON



INVITATION TO LEARN

Content of the lesson: In this lesson you will learn about personal goals and aims in life.





OPENING

Active-Alphabet game

Brainstorm as many passions, interests, hobbies or activities as you can that begin with the letters of the alphabet. For example: R-rollerblading

Voice your Choice

A	В	С	D	E	F	G
н	I	J	K	L	М	N
0	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U
V	W	Х	Y	Z		





Video

Finding your passion

1. Watch video



- 2. While watching the video, think:
 - a. Do you have any passions/interests? If so, what?
 - b. If not, is there something you like to do or that you are good at?







A. Discover Yourself Quiz

Complete the quiz. The answer key at the bottom will help you understand more about your personality, interests and passions.

Instructions: Read the questions carefully and choose the option that best describes yourself.

1. In my free time, I prefer:

(A) Reading
(B) Playing sports
(C) Creating things

(C) Do something creative

(C) Do something creative

(E) A Languages or histroy
(E) Physical education or science
(E) Art or music

(C) When I'm with friends, I usually:

(A) Share stories
(B) Suggest playing a game
(C) Do something creative

(E) A new language
(B) A new sport
(C) How to create something artistic



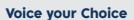




- 5. I prefer watching:
- A Dramas or historical movies
- B Action or adventure movies
- (C) Comedies or musicals
- 7. Think about a happy memory. What were you doing in this memory? I was:
- (A) Talking or reading
- (B) Being active or outside
- C Creating something
- 9. In my future it is important for me to -
 - A Make meaningful connections
 - B Stay active and explore
- C Express myself creatively

- 6. An exciting activity for me is:
- (A) Writing a poem
- B Going on a hiking adventure
- (C) Creating a piece of art
- 8. My strongest quality is
- (A) Being a good listener
- Being energetic and adventurous
- C Being creative and imaginative
- 10. A perfect day for means:
- A Relaxing with a book or a movie
- B Exploring outdoors or playing a sport
- C Working on a creative project







Answer Key: Discover Yourself

Mostly A's - Linguistic & Reflective:

You might be a great communicator and storyteller. You enjoy languages, history, and sharing experiences with others. Hobbies and careers in writing, teaching, or social sciences might be exciting for you.

Mostly B's - Physical & Active:

You are active and adventurous. You enjoy being outdoors and doing physical activities. Consider exploring hobbies and careers in sports, travel, or environmental sciences.

Mostly C's - Artistic & Creative:

Your creativity shines! You love expressing yourself through art and music. Hobbies and careers in the arts, design, or entertainment could be your calling.

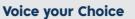


Remember, this quiz is just a starting point. Your interests and passions might change over time, and that's okay! The most important thing is to explore, learn, and find what makes you happy.















Based on the "passion collage" your group has created:

- choose one hobby or passion you are excited about
- write 3 questions on this topic.

For example- how can you learn how to do it, how much does the hobby cost, etc.

My Chosen interest:
MY Questions:
1
2
3





Voice your Choice



=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
_	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	

Voice your Choice





GATE 3 - Driving Question: What do you want to be when you grow up?

1. Dr. Mark Warren's Research

a. Listen to Dr. Mark Warren who explains the following data regarding career advice:

Data File

- 19% followed their parents' advice.
- 6% listened to their teachers.
- 4% went with their friends' suggestions.
- 8% turned a part-time job into a career.
- 12% found it naturally after finishing school.
- 26% trusted their own feelings.
- 6% followed what their peer group was doing.
- 18% found their job by chance.
- 1% got professional advice.



b. Survey: Try Dr. Warren's findings in real life!

Consult your parents, teachers, and other grown-ups you know, regarding some possible answers to the question "How did you decide on your career path?" Summarize their answers in your own fact file:

Data File		



2. My Career Counselor

According to Dr. Mark Warren's research findings, only 1% of people surveyed got professional advice when deciding on their future careers. What do you think are the main 3 reasons for such a low percentage?

Reason 1:	
Reason 2:	
Reason 3:	



Voice your Choice

Student Portfolio

LESSON

2



Ikigai

Content of the lesson: In this lesson you will learn about the Ikigai model and how you can use it to discover yourself.



GATE 3 Opening Research: What is IKIGAI?

Hey there, future explorers! Are you ready to go on a journey to uncover the secret to a happy and fulfilling life? Well, get ready because we're diving into the fascinating world of **Ikigai**!

	e fascinating world of Ikigai !
1.	In what language is Ikigai?
2.	What 2 words are combined to make it? and
3.	What do each of these two words mean separately? and
4.	What do they mean when combined together?
5.	Compound words are when two or more words combine to form a new single word or a phrase that acts like a single word. For example: air+port=airport, bath+room=bathroom
	Give 3 examples of compound words:
	and make
	and make
	and make



LESSON

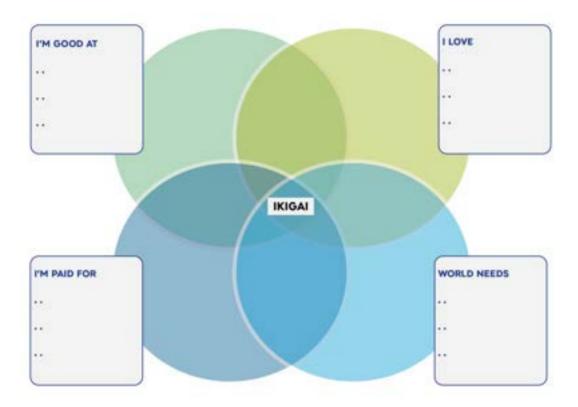
2





OPENING FOR GATE 1

a. Write personal examples for each element (eg: what you love-baking).



- b. Match these 4 explanations to the 4 elements: (write them inside the circle) $\stackrel{=}{}$
 - i. Things that fill my heart with joy
 - ii. My special skills and talents
 - iii. Things that make the world a better place
 - iv. Things I can do to make a living











Read

1. What is Ikigai?

Read and answer the following questions

What is Ikigai?

Ikigai is a magical Japanese word, and it means "a reason for being" or "the joy of life." Imagine it as a treasure map to your own happiness! It's the unique combination of things that make you jump out of bed every morning, excited for the day ahead.

The Four Magical Elements of Ikigai Let's break down this treasure map into four exciting parts:



- What you love: These are the things that make your heart sing! It could be drawing, dancing, playing soccer, or reading your favorite books. Whatever makes you smile and fills your heart with joy.
- What you're good at: Think about the stuff you're amazing at! Maybe you're a math genius, a fantastic chef, or a super organizer. These are your special skills and talents.
- What the world needs: This part is about making the world a better place. It's like being a superhero! Helping others, making your community happier, or taking care of nature—it's all about giving back.
- What you can be paid for: Of course, we need to make a living, too! This is about the jobs or careers that you can do and earn money from. It's how you can support yourself and your dreams.

Your Personal Treasure Hunt

Now, here's the best part: Ikigai is different for everyone! It's like a puzzle unique to YOU. Your Ikigai might include playing music, helping animals, or being a great friend. And guess what? You get to discover it!

Your Quest Begins

In this exciting adventure, we won't just talk about Ikigai; we'll explore it together. You'll learn more about what you love, what you're good at, what the world needs, and what you can be paid for.

We won't just find your Ikigai; we'll help you turn it into your superpower, guiding you towards a happier and more fulfilling life. So, are you ready for this epic journey? Get ready to unlock your treasure chest of happiness with Ikigai!



Q	U	e	S	ti	0	n	S

1. What does the word "Ikigai" mean?			
2. Check the four magical elements of Ikigai mentioned in the text/video			
What you love			
What your parents need			
What you're good at			
What will help you make friends			
What the world needs			
What you can get paid for			
3. Why is Ikigai said to be different for everyone?			
a. Because everyone has the same dreams and ambitions.			
b. Because it's unique for each individual, based on their own passions, skills,			
and goals.			
c. Because only people from Japan can truly have an Ikigai.			
d. Because it depends on the time of year you were born.			
4. What is the main goal of finding and using your Ikigai, as mentioned in the			
text?			









Vocabulary

1. Write the word in Hebrew according to the video/text. You can use the word bank.

support yourself	superhero	
earn money	skills	
excited	talents	
guess what	treasure map	
magical	unique	

WORD BANK:

אהבה, גיבור על, חלומות, ייחודי, כישורים, כשרונות, להרוויח כסף, לתמוך בעצמך (להחזיק את עצמך כלכלית) מפת אוצר, נחש מה?, נרגש, קסום

2. Talent vs. Skill כישרונות או כישורים





Talent is when you're **naturally** good at something, like a gift.

Skill is when you become good at something because you **practiced** a lot and learned how to do it.

a.	Some people can solve math problems very quickly and easily from a
	young age. This is often considered a
b.	Cooking can be improved by attending classes and practicing recipes.
	Therefore, cooking well is a
c.	Being able to run fast without training might be a; however,
	becoming a professional runner requires developing a certain
	through training.
d.	Drawing beautiful pictures the first time you try is likely a, but
	mastering different art techniques comes down to acquiring the
e.	Speaking multiple languages fluently without much effort could be seen
	as a, but for most people, it requires learning and practice,
	which is gaining a .



Consider - skill or talent?

singing, drawing, playing a musical instrument, cooking, fixing computers, speaking a foreign language

In my opinion, _	is a talen	t because	
and	is a skill because _		





Language Focus

Verb patterns with -ing

Verb patterns with -ing

When enjoy is followed by another verb, it must be in the -ing form: ex. Her parents enjoy **traveling**. Her parents enjoy to travel. Other verbs that follow this pattern include:

- I don't mind (ex. I don't mind work**ing** late.)
- can't help
- finish

- miss
- practice
- suggest

The verbs like and love can be followed by the -ing form and the to + infinitive form. Both forms are correct.











	a. Rewrite these sentences so that the meaning is more or less the same.				
1.	. What do you like to do in your free time? -> What books do you enjoy				
	in your free time?				
2	I can wait, no problem> I don't mind				
3	I don't see my old classmates as often as I'd like to> I miss				
	my old classmates.				
4	. First do your homework, then go out, OK? -> I want to finish				
	my homework before going out.				
5	. He wants to play the piano better. He practices everyday> He practices				
	the piano every day.				
b. Use the correct form of the verbs below to complete the sentences. You won't need all the verbs.					
1166					
	laugh finish wait play take do				
liee	laugh finish wait play take do				
1.	laugh finish wait play take do The show was so funny we couldn't help				









c. Group work

- 1 Choose two verbs from the previous task (laugh, finish, wait, play, take, do) and write sentences that are true for you. Use the following verbs to use with this pattern.
 - enjoy
 - don't mind
 - can't/couldn't help
 - finish

- miss
- practice
- suggest

My sentences:					
1.					
2.					
Our	groups sentences:				
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					



There are other words in English that follow the same pattern. Study the examples, then complete the exercise:

- I was **busy** trying to finish my essay.
- It was **fun** watching Maccabi Haifa beat Juventus.
- Was I happy doing my job? Very much so.
- Like many parents today, she's **comfortable** working from home.







Student Portfolio



a. Complete each sentence with the word that fits:

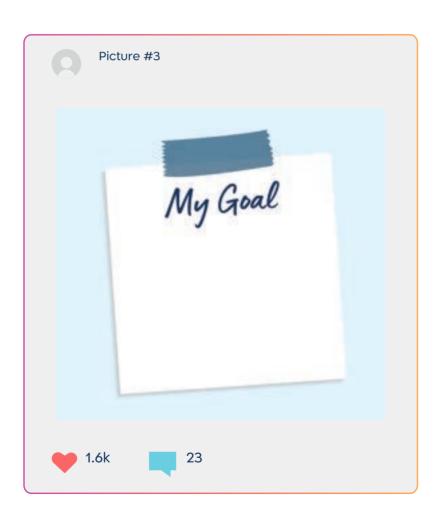
bu	sy (x2)	fun	no fun	happy	not happy	
1.	1. I was preparing for the test.					
	It's being sick.					
		_	g movies togeth	er with friends.		
			or designing ne			
		doing your jo	b.			
5.	The band	was	_ working on th	eir new album	•	
6.	He's	doing b	usiness with the	m. They never	pay on time.	
h Do	VOLL remer	mher the verbs	in the previous e	varcisa? Usa t	hose verbs to fill	lin
	sentence		in the previous e	skercise: Ose t	nose verbs to iiii	
1.		sy1	for the test.			
		า si				
			vies together with	n friends.		
		<u> </u>	a or designing ne		eed to be happy	,
		your job.	3		1117	
5.			on their	new album.		
6.		-	business wit			
	•		w with these pa			
shoul	d fit the se	entence in <u>any o</u>	<u>rder</u> . You won't r	need all the pa	irs.	
W	orking -	celebrating -	singing -	sharing -	doing - being	
S	olving	getting	performing	speaking		
1.	She is ha	Vaa	in the choir. It i	s fun	on stage.	_
2.	 She is happy in the choir. It is fun on stage. We are comfortable together. We always have fun 					
	problems as a team.					
3.						
	with friends.					
4.			in public.	It is fun	my ideas	;
	with othe					







Write one specific action or goal you commit to pursuing based on today's Ikigai lesson. This could be exploring a new hobby, improving a skill, volunteering, or researching a career interest.



Voice your Choice



=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
_	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	

Voice your Choice



_	
=	
=	
_	
=	
=	
=	



LESSON

3

Tikkun Olam - Repairing the World

Content of the lesson: In this lesson you will learn about the impact your actions can have on society..



OPENING





Champions of Good - Card Game

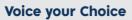
1. Your assigned celebrity:

to help our world.

- 2. Inspired by what you have read, brainstorm actions you can do
- 3. Write a short description of a project you want to create, based on you inspiration.









Pre-reading Vocabulary

a. Find these words in the text, and translate them in their context.

repairing	V	volunteering	
responsibility	C	donating	
talents	C	opportunities	
disabilities	i	improvement	

b. Use the above words to fill in these sentences:

1.	My dad is	the broken chair.
2.	It is my	_ to feed the dog every day.
3.	I enjoy	_ at the animal shelter on weekends.
4.	They are	money to help build a new school.
5.	Traveling gives you	to meet new people.









Read

c. Tikkun Olam

Read and answer the questions:

Tikkun Olam

Tikkun Olam is a Jewish concept that means "repairing the world." It is the idea that we all have a responsibility to make the world a better place, and this can be done in many different ways.

Tikkun Olam is not just about volunteering or donating to charity. It is also about using your own special abilities to make a difference. For example, if music is your passion, you could use your talents to volunteer at a special music therapy program to benefit children with disabilities. Or, if you are into science, you could contribute by volunteering at a science museum or mentor a young scientist.

No matter what your passions are, there are various opportunities to use them for the world's improvement. Here are a few real-life examples:

- A student who <u>is interested</u> in plants and flowers makes the area around the school prettier.
- A sports lover forms a team for children in wheelchairs.
- A student who is into technology develops an app that helps people find affordable housing.
- ◆ A student who is passionate about the environment starts a club at their school where students work on environmental projects.

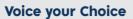
These are just a few examples of the many ways that teenagers can "repair the world" and make a difference.

In conclusion, Tikkun Olam is a powerful concept that can inspire us to make the world a better place. It is a reminder that we all have a role to play, and that we can use our own unique talents and abilities to make a change.

Think about your own passions and how you can use them to do good for the world. No matter what you are passionate about, there is a way to use it to make an impact.









- 1. Read lines 1-7 and **highlight** 3 specific suggestions for Tikkun Olam.
- 2. According to the text (Check all that are correct)

everyone is responsible	
you have to be rich	to make the world a better place
you can use your hobby	

3. Match the passion to a possible Tikkun Olam activity as suggested in the text:

1. nature	a. helping kids with disabilities
2. football	b. collecting plastic bottles
3. technology	c. planting flowers outside the school
4. the environment	d. helping people find a place to live

4. In the four examples above, <u>underline</u> four different ways of saying that you really like doing something. The first one has been done for you.









5. Why is Tikkun Olam described as a powerful concept in the text? Fill in the blanks:

Tikkun Olam is seen	as an (1)	concept in the text because	
it tells us that everyone has a part in making the world a			
(2)	place. This idea encourage	ges us to use our own special	
(3)	and skills to make a (4)	It's not just	
about helping others; it's about how each of us can use what we are good			
at to (5)	the world. This way	, Tikkun Olam makes us feel	
like we can all do something to make things (6)			
AAZI Phonology - I. 21242			

Word Bank: abilities better brighter difference improve inspiring

- 6. What do we learn about Tikkun Olam from this article? (Choose the correct answer)
 - a. Giving money to the poor is important.
 - b. Making the world a better place is more important than your own success.
 - c. Look into your own passions to decide how you can make the world a better place.
 - d. You should work on your own talents before you can help other people.
- 7. In the chart below fill in the personal passion, suggestion for a Tikkun Olam activity or both. The answers are NOT in the text.

	Personal Passion	Tikkun Olam Suggestion
1.	Sarah enjoys raising and training puppies	Sarah could
2.	Jonathan loves Hip Hop, especially Breakdancing	
3.		Kimmy should make and hand out warm wool sweaters for the homeless people in her town.
4.	Paulina loves	Paulina could create videos and post them on social media to raise awareness of social injustice.
5.	Akiva	





1. Look at the last part of the text. What's the missing word in the blanks below?



These are just a few examples of the many ways that teenagers can "repair the world" and _____ a difference.

In conclusion, Tikkun Olam is a powerful concept that can inspire us to make

the world a better place. It is a reminder that we all have a role to play, and that we can use our own unique talents and abilities to _____ a change.

Think about your own passions and how you can use them to do good for the world. No matter what you are passionate about, there is a way to use it to _____ an impact.



Language Focus

make/do

HINT: It's the same word.



When do we use make and when do we use do?

Unfortunately there's no rule, but we usually use:

- do with activities, jobs and hobbies
 do the cleaning, do the dishes, do yoga
- make when we are talking about creating or preparing something new make breakfast, make friends
- But many of them just have to be learned by heart:
 make my bed in the morning, make a mistake

=







1. Practice

a. Decide if **make** or **do** goes with these nouns

		1	
a.	progress	е.	a mess
make / do	a difference	make / do	an effort
	a (lot) noise		a list
b.	your best	f.	(a lot of) damage
make / do	the chores	make / do	good
	yoga		(some) research
c.	business (with somebody)	g.	homework
make / do	some work	make / do	a favor
	the cleaning and the		a project
	cooking		
d.	a mistake	h.	a profit
make / do	an appointment	make / do	a suggestion
	a decision		fun of someone



Did you notice that **make** is often followed by **a/an** ?

• make a difference / an impact / a noise

After **do** there is usually no article a/an.

This is because do usually goes with uncountable nouns describing activities.











a. Complete the sentences below using the correct form of make or do.

	do	doing (x2)	does (x2)	make (x2)	making	made (x2)	
1.	My bro	other always		his homewor	k before dir	nner.	
2.	She er	njoys	yoga i	n the morning	g for relaxat	ion.	
3.	He's kr	nown for his	ability to	aj	joke in any s	situation.	
4.	When	faced with a	challenge, it	's important t		_ your best.	
5.	Marco		_ an excuse	for being lat	e.		
6.	We de	cided to	a	n omelet for	breakfast.		
7.	I don't	know the ex	act figure bu	t I can	ag	uess.	
8.	She us	sually	_ the cleanir	ng on Friday t	o keep her	house tidy	
9.	Have y	/ου	any new	v friends at so	chool?		
10.	They a	ire	a sciend	ce experimer	nt in the lab.		



Additional practice Student Portfolio



b. Need more practice with do and make?

1.	I need to a	decision about my future career.
2.	She a del	icious cake for the party.
3.	Can you help me	the dishes after dinner?
4.	He is busy	a model airplane for his project.
5.	She wants to	a difference in her community.
6.	I will my b	est to complete all the tasks on time.
7.	The students are	their homework in the library.
8.	Let's a pro	mise to be kind to others.
9.	We should	a plan for the weekend.
10.	We should	some exercise every day to stay healthy.
11.	He enjoys	photography as a hobby in his free time.





1.	Can you help me _	the laundry? I have a lot of clothes to
	wash.	
2.	They	volunteer work at the local animal shelter on week-
	ends.	
3.	She loves	puzzles to challenge her mind.
4.	We need to	the shopping for the week ahead.
5.	Noa hopes to	friends at the new school.





Language Focus | There is / There are



There is / There are...in the world

We use there is / there's with singular nouns and uncountable nouns.

- There is a gap (פער) between the rich and the poor.
- There's hope that things will get better.

We use there are with plural nouns.

- There are many <u>children</u> who don't have enough food.
- There are many <u>projects</u> trying to help them.



Skills

Practice

a. Complete the sentences about what the world needs with **there is** or **there**

1.	gaps in educational levels between cities and the country.
2.	In many cities, a great need for affordable housing.
3.	many animals on the planet that need protection, or they
	will disappear.
4.	a huge gap between job opportunities in the center of the
	country and in the periphery.
5.	many opportunities for young people to start their own
	businesses and contribute to the economy.









Write	Writing Task		
	oose one of the things that the world needs from the list above		
	and consider: Is it true for Israel?		
Exp	lain why in a sentence, write the sentence on a piece of paper.		
Han	nd your note over to the friend sitting next to you.		
Nov	v answer, agreeing or disagreeing with the statement and		
exp	lain.		
The stat	ement I chose is:		
In my or	In my opinion it is true/untrue for Israel because		
mining of	in this opinion it is troefond be for israel because		
I agree/	disagree with this statement because		













Student Portfolio



Vocabulary Practice

Voice your Choice

a. Match the words with their Hebrew translation

לפתוח עסק עצמאי	1.	Gap
דיור בר השגה	2.	Great need
הגנה	3.	Opportunities
להיעלם	4.	Protection
רמת חינוך (השכלה)	5.	Disappear
פער	6.	Start your own business
צורך גדול	7.	Contribute
הזדמנויות	8.	Affordable housing
לתרום	9.	Educational level

- b. Write these pairs of words/collocations in the sentences they belong to.
 - a gap between (פער בין) programs (תוכניות)
 - a major problem (בעיה חמורה) plans to reduce (תוכנית לצמצום)

• limited access (ז מוגבלת	גישר) - charity organizations	(ארגוני צדקה)	
 a growing concern (חבו) 	(הגבלות) - limits (חשש ג		
3 3			
1. There is	_ about too many people l	iving in busy cities.	
In some countries, for examp	ole China, there are	on how many	
people can live in certain citi	es.		
2. There is	with climate change, and it	s hurting the Earth.	
In big cities, there are	pollution and mal	ke living there better.	
3. In many parts of the world,	, there is to c	lean water. There	
are trying to	make sure everyone has s	uch basic things.	
	·	J	
4. There is	rich and poor countries in	using computers	
and the internet. There are			
technology, no matter where they live.			
teer notes, no matter where	tricy live.		



c. Copy from above exercise and learn the prepositions that follow. The first one has been done for you.

1.	a growing concern <u>about</u>
2.	limits
3.	a major problem
4.	limited access
5.	a gap

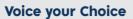




Match the sentence parts: 2 parts of the problem - and then its solution.

Problem part a	Problem part b	Solution











After reading about Tikkun Olam, what would you like to change (add, omit, alter) in your behavior/everyday habits to make the world a better place?

		_
		_
		_
		_
		_



Voice your Choice

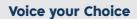








	9	
	9	
=		
	9	
	9 ————	
	9	
	J	
	9	
	9	



Student Portfolio



LESSON

4

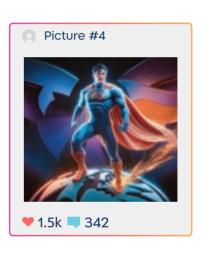


TIKKUN OLAM TRADING CARDS

Content of the lesson: In this lesson you will create your own Tikkun Olam superhero and design a trading card using AI image tools.

Tikkun Olam Superhero Trading Cards

In the previous lesson we read and learned about the concept of Tikkun Olam- making the world a better place, using our own unique abilities (superpowers) to make a positive impact on the world. Let's create a Tikkun Olam **Superhero!** Use this planning page to create.



STEP 1 - Brainstorm

In pairs or small groups, write the first 3 superheroes that pop
into your head.
Fill in their unique powers
See if they can be connected to a personal passion or hobby.

Superhero name	Powers	Passions and hobbies





STEP 2 - My Super Hero

- a. Choose a real-life superhero. Someone you read about, heard about or even met!
- b. Create a Superhero **Profile**:

Name	
Powers	
What they do	
How is it Tikkun Olam	

STEP 3 - Trading Card

- a. Generate images for your Superhero using an Al tool.
- b. Design 2 Trading Cards for a class card game. Include superhero name, image, powers, mission statement, and a brief description of how they contribute to repairing the world.



Superhero Name	
Portrait:	Powers:
	Mission:
	Tikkun Olam:





=	
_	
=	
=	
===	

Voice your Choice



LESSON

5-6



THE 3 HOBBIES RULE

Content of the lesson: In this lesson you will learn about the importance of hobbies in your life, and learn rules to help you choose a hobby.





OPENING

Let's Brainstorm!

a.	Write down as many hobbies as you can see in the	Picture #
	picture.	
		♥ 2.4k ■ 5
b.	What is the definition of a hobby?	=
c.	Do you have a hobby?	



(

Video

2. Watch this short video and highlight the hobbies you see:





Drawing/Dainting	Dirdwatahing	Drogramming	Dancing
Drawing/Painting	Birdwatching	Programming	Dancing
Hiking	Photography	Model Building	Playing Sports
		(Planes, Trains,	
		Cars)	
Cooking/Baking	Chess	Playing a Musical	Podcasting
		instrument	
Writing (Poetry,	Aquarium Keeping	Gardening	
Stories, Blog)			
, '3'			

3- Hobbies have Benefits

As you heard in the clip, hobbies have benefits. Here is a list of benefits, write down next to each one as many of the hobbies that provide that benefit.

Playing a	Drawing/	Gardening	Writing	Playing Sports
Musical	Painting		(Poetry,	
Instrument			Stories, Blog)	
	Cooking/Bak-	Coding/	Podcasting/	Hiking/Nature
	ing	Programming	Youtube	Walks



Benefits	Name of hobbies
1. Sharpens thinking skills	
2. Improves understanding of emotions	
3. Increases creativity	
4. Teaches responsibility	
5. Improves physical health	
6. Teaches teamwork	
7. Encourages patience	
8. Teaches important life skills	
9. Teaches problem- solving	
10. Reduces stress	









The Three Hobbies Rule for Teens

Do you want to be happy, healthy, and good with people? Try the "Three Hobbies Rule." The "3 Hobbies Rule" is not an official guideline but rather a concept that has been popularized in discussions about personal development, including for teenagers. The idea is to encourage people to have three different types of hobbies. Let's look at what they are!

A Hobby for Creativity: This hobby aims to stimulate your mind and unleash your creativity. It could be anything from painting, writing, playing a musical instrument, or even coding. The main goal is to foster creative thinking and perhaps produce something new or beautiful.

A Hobby for Physical Health: This hobby focuses on physical well-being and fitness. Activities can range from sports like soccer, basketball, or swimming to lifestyle activities like hiking or cycling. The aim is to maintain a healthy body, which in turn promotes a healthy mind.

A Hobby for Social Interaction: This hobby helps you build your character and get better at talking and listening to people. You can do this by joining clubs, participating in group activities, or even playing team sports. The goal is to make you feel more comfortable around others and to help you make friends. This hobby teaches you important life skills like teamwork, empathy, and communication.

- a. What is the main idea of the text/video? Choose one main idea below after you read the text or watch the video.
 - a. Teenagers find hobbies in school.
 - b. Why hobbies are good for teens.
 - c. All teenagers have three hobbies.
 - d. Adults choose hobbies for teens.













b. In your own words summarize the 3 different types of hobbies and give an example of each

Type of Hobby	Examples of Hobbies
1.	
2.	
3.	



Language Focus

Collocations

Sort these collocations into three columns according to the three hobbies rule. You will need three in each column.

playing an instrument, creative thinking, thinking outside the box, making friends, playing team sports, feeling comfortable around other,s work out, stay in shape, health and fitness

Creative	Social	Physical







Choose three sentence starters and write about yourself:

- I'm good at _
- I used to be good at _____
- I'm not so good at ______
- I'd like to be good at ____
- I'm good with __



Language Focus

good at/good with



We use good at with subjects.

• At school he was always good at sports.

and activities

• I'm good at running, but bad at catching.

Note we don't say: She's good at play basketball.

→We use the -ing form (gerund) : She's good at playing basketball.

We use good with with people and things.

- She's good with children.
- My brother is good with computers.



Skills

Practice

1.	My sister is good	cats.
2.	Ben's good	playing the guitar.
3.	Kate's good	math.
4.	He's really good	people.
5.	My mother is amazing	solving problems.
6.	My grandma is good	her phone.
7.	He's good	giving directions.
8.	Jenny is good	children.
9.	Ethan is good	his hands.
10.	My older brother is good _	money.











a. Find matches:

Match the sentences with follow-up comments (a-e).

- 1. My grandma is good with her phone.
- 2. He's good at giving directions.
- 3. Jenny is good with children.
- 4. Ethan is good with his hands.
- 5. My older brother is good with money.
- a. She wants to be a kindergarten teacher.
- b. He always helps me fix my bike.
- c. He has saved enough to buy a car.
- d. She's comfortable using it
- e. You won't need Waze.

b. Write sentences with **good/not good** at or **good/not good with**- for each topic.

Here are a few examples:

1.	PETS : My sister	is <u>good with</u> cat	s but afraid of dogs.

- 2. SCHOOL SUBJECTS: Nelly's good at math, but not good at history.
- 3. LANGUAGES: I'm not so good at English. I wish I could speak it as well as Hebrew.



- **4. MUSIC**: He's good at playing the guitar/playing the piano, but terrible at singing.
- **5. TECHNOLOGY**: My grandad is good with his smartphone, but can't use a computer.





Write two things you're good at and one thing you're not so good / bad / terrible at.



1-	
2-	
3-	

Choose a Hobby

1 - Skim the website and fill in the table below- recommending a hobby for another group member.



I am choosing a new hobby for	
Name of hobby	
What type of hobby is this?	creativity / health / social
Name 2 benefits provided by this hobby	
What is needed to do this hobby? (equipment, place, money, clothing)	

2 - Create a picture of the route you're taking towards your future as a group. This picture should include the hobbies or skills you think children your age need or like. You can use AI or digital tools as well as paper and colors, etc. You can use this picture from the beginning of the lesson as inspiration.





Student Portfolio





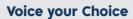
it T	icket	Reflection
1.	What c	do you know about hobbies now that you didn't know before?
2.	Who w	vill you share your new knowledge with? Why that person?



Voice your Choice



=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
_	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	



Student Portfolio



LESSON

7

LEARNING TO LEARN

Content of the lesson: In this lesson you will learn about different ways you can learn new things, and get inspiration from Elon Musk.



OPENING



Pick <u>one</u> of these skills and describe <u>five steps</u> they would need to take to learn this skill.

Diving	Face painting	Playing the	A new dance	Other: Your
		ukulele		choice!
				Pick your own
		₩Y L	10.35	<u>appropriate</u>
	95	dest	15 1 17	and
			100 11	<u>achievable</u> skill
Commence Rose N	DOWN BALL	1000		to practice.

Step 1-	
Step 2-	
Step 3-	
Step 4-	
Step 5-	





Highlight the suggestions in the text that match their suggestions.



Learning a new skill can be exciting and rewarding. Here are five steps to help you start:

- Choose Your Skill: Decide what you want to learn. For example, choose knitting if you like making things with your hands.
- Gather Materials: Get the tools and resources you need. For knitting, you would need needles and yarn.
- Learn the Basics: Start with simple instructions. You can find easy tutorials online or in books.
- Practice Regularly: Practice makes perfect. Spend some time every day practicing your new skill.
- Ask for Help: If you find it difficult, don't hesitate to ask someone who knows how to do it for advice or help.

Remember, learning takes time, so be patient and enjoy the process!

Elon Musk:

This is Elon Musk. He is a famous business leader and inventor. He created companies like SpaceX and Tesla. Elon is known for his work in space travel and electric cars.

The following informative text, based on Wikipedia, talks about Elon Musk. Read the text to learn from Elon Musk how to learn on your own!







Elon Musk Learns in His Own Way

Elon Musk is a smart person who learned things on his own in different ways. He didn't just go to school; he **took charge** (לקח אחריות) of his own learning.

First, he read a lot of books. He explored topics such as science, engineering, and business. The more he read, the more he learned. For example, before starting SpaceX he read a lot of books about space travel. He also read a lot of materials online. With the help of the internet, he accessed information, did research, and communicated with experts. Online forums and resources like YouTube videos were valuable tools for him.

Second, he learned by doing things. When he was young, he taught himself programming and created video games, which helped him learn practical skills in software development. As he got older, he started companies like Zip2, PayPal, Tesla, and SpaceX.

Third, he talked to smart people. He found experts in different fields and learned from them. This made him even smarter. He asked many questions and made sure he understood everything before moving on.

Lastly, when things didn't work out, he didn't give up. He learned from his mistakes and got better. For example, SpaceX's early rocket failures provided important lessons for improvement.

In short, Elon Musk learned by reading, doing, talking to experts, and not giving up when things went wrong. His cool projects show that his way of learning really works.

What did you learn?

The text presents Elon Musk's suggestions of three different ways you can learn things on your own.

List the 3 ways and give specific examples that would help you learn what you chose to learn.

Example: He suggests reading a lot of books.

I will read books about chess because I want to become an excellent player.





Elon Musk's Suggestions	Specific examples for you
He suggests reading a lot of books.	I will

Learning Styles

1. Watch the video and answer,	1.	Watch	the	video	and	answer,
--------------------------------	----	-------	-----	-------	-----	---------

- a. What learning styles were presented in the video?
- b. How can you learn what your learner style is?
- 3. Look at the examples from Elon Musk above and find TWO learning styles from the video that were also presented in the text about Elon Musk.



4. Play an online game













Language Focus Collocations

a. Complete the sentences about different ways Elon Musk learned using collocations below:

made sure	went wrong	got older	did research	
with the help of	valuable tools	got better	practical skills	

By reading				
He accessed information, 1, and communicated with				
experts 2 the internet. Online forums and resources like				
YouTube were 3 for him.				
By doing				
When he was young, he taught himself programming and 4				
in software development. As he 5, he started many tech				
companies.				
By talking to experts				
When talking to experts, he always asked questions and 6				
he understood everything before moving on.				
By not giving up				
He learned from his mistakes and 7 He never gave up				
when things 8				











b. Match the collocations

WORD BANK	:				
accessed	asked	communicated	got (x2)	learned	made
did	practical	valuable	went	with	the help

sure	skills
information	tools
research	of the internet
from his mistakes	older
with experts	better
questions	wrong

c. Do you remember what verbs go with these nouns? In this exercise, the verbs should be in the past tense. You can use the same verb more than once, if necessary.

ask , do , get , learn , make

sure
research
from his mistakes
questions
older (=became older)
better (=improved)







did better is also possible, but to **do better** means to have a better result than before or than somebody else.



Write your own 3 sentences about Elon Musk using these collocations:

- made sure
- did research
- learn/ed from his mistakes
- asked questions
- got better



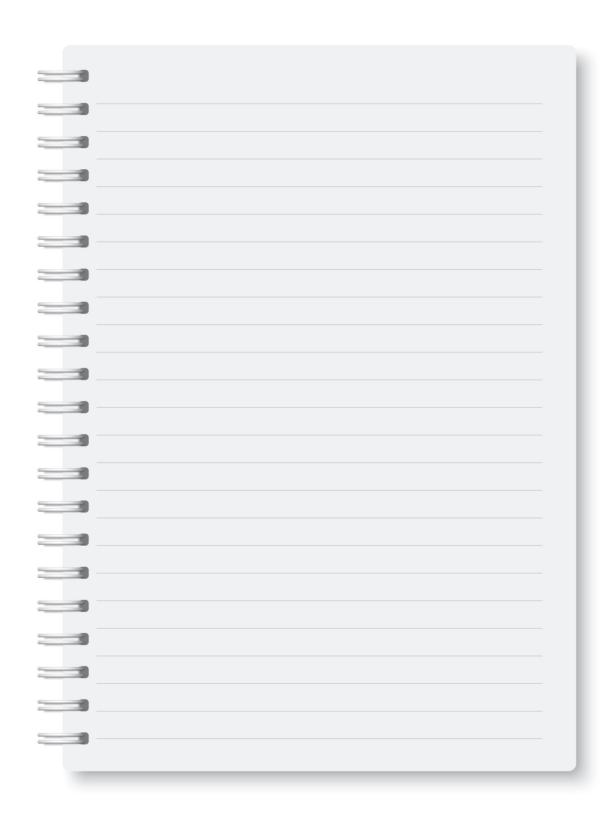




Voice your Choice



Student Portfolio



Voice your Choice



-	- 1
9	
•	
-	
_	
a	
]	
9	
•	
1	
9	



LESSON

8



LEARNING FROM FAILURE

Content of the lesson: In this lesson students will learn about learning from failure and develop a growth mindset that allows them to learn from mistakes.

Recommended time frame: 1 lesson (45 minutes).



OPENING - For GATE 3



Can you guess what all these people have in common?

.....

Research these people to find out! .





OPENING - Famous Failures

Our famous person	His/Her failure			
What do all these people have in common?				

Video

1. Average Mike

a. What if you want to learn something new?Meet Mike Boyd. He calls himself "Average Mike".Watch this clip and answer this question:





What does Mike spend his time doing?

Mike spends his time _____





b. Go to Mike's YouTube channel and write down 3 weird things he has learned.

Mike Boyd - YouTube

|--|

2. _____

3. _____

c. Read the paragraph below and think - would Mike Boyd agree or disagree with it?





Learning from failure is very important. When we try something and fail, we can learn a lot. It shows us what does not work and helps us to try better next time. Every time we fail, we get stronger and smarter. Many successful people failed many times before they succeeded. Remember, it's okay to fail. It's a chance to learn and grow. Don't give up, keep trying

- d. I think Mike would agree/disagree with the idea in the paragraph because
- e. Do YOU agree with the idea presented here? Why or why not?









2. Picasso

Imagine you are Picasso before becoming an amazing painter. You just finished drawing a beautiful picture and you can't sell it. No one is interested in buying it.

How do you feel?
What do you think you should do?
What do your family and friends say?





Write

Write Picasso's diary entry for that day:

_	
_	
_	
_	
_	

1. Listen to this short story about Picasso.



Video

Picasso's Napkin:

How does Picasso feel now? What changed in the way he feels about himself?









Video

You can learn anything - Listening activity

Watch this video



While you are watching, highlight the words connected to learning and success.

smart talk walk can can't writing adding reading talking riding counting slowly stumble learn fall slip crawl fail frustrated confused struggle trying stronger brain growing will yet understand

- 1. How many words did you highlight? _____
- 2. This teaches me that (choose the correct answer)
 - a. Learning to walk is like learning anything new.
 - b. Everyone struggles sometimes.
 - c. Frustration is part of growing.
 - d. All of the above are correct







Reflective Writing

Write a short paragraph (50-80 words) to summarize what you have learned about yourself in this lesson. Refer to:

- 1. Something you failed at.
- 2. How did it make you feel?
- 3. Looking back, what is the most important thing you learned?
- 4. Did / Will you try again? Explain.
- 5. How will you use what you learned for next time?

Reflective Writing

-	
<u> </u>	





Voice your Choice



=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
_	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	

Voice your Choice



=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
_	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	



LESSON

9

PERSISTENCE

Content of the lesson: In this lesson you will learn the importance of persistence in learning anything new and gaining new skills.

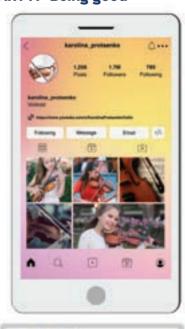


OPENING





PART A- Being good









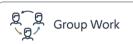




After watching the video (Karolina or Lydian)

- 1. Why does Karolina/Lydian have so many followers?
- 2. What do you think Karolina/ Lydian does to be able to play like this?
- 3. Do you think she/he loves what she/he is doing? How do you know?
- 4. Can you be as good as this girl/boy? How?

PART B - Fast track



1 - Group discussion:

Watch this clip of people doing their jobs.
Ask: What do they all have in common?
Can you do anything like this?
What does it take to be so good?



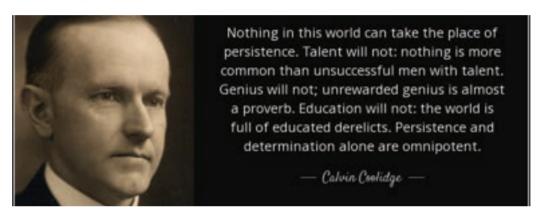






Persistence

1. Calvin Coolidge was the 30th President of the USA from 1923-1929. This is what he said:



2. Match the Hebrew translation to the English to help understand his message.

Nothing in this world can take the place of persistence.	
Talent will not;	
Nothing is more common than unsuccessful men with talent.	
Genius will not;	
Unrewarded genius is almost a proverb.	
Education will not;	
The world is full of educated derelicts.	
Persistence and determination alone are omnipotent.	
The slogan 'Press On!' has solved and always will solve the problems of the human race.	







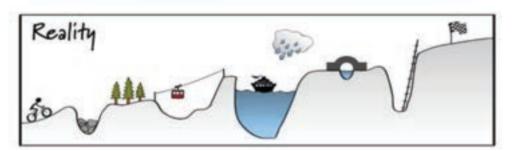
3. In your opinion, **what** is the connection to Karolina/Lydian and all the people you saw doing their jobs so perfectly?



Reflect and Share

Here is a cartoon that illustrates why persistence in life is important.







Speak

Think about something you have made progress in. It could be a skill, a language, a hobby, a school subject or anything that you have improved in. You are going to make a 30 second recording talking about it. You can talk about:

- What have you made progress in?
- Did you make a decision to work on this or did it happen by accident?
- What was the starting point of the process?
- Did you define a destination or goal? What was it? If not, why not?
- Who or what helped you in the process?
- What obstacles got in your way? How did you overcome them?









 Write and record for at least 30 seconds reflecting on this process and progress.



Voice your Choice



=		
	*	
=		
=	'	
=		

Voice your Choice



_	
=	
=	
_	
=	
=	
=	



GATE 3 - Research: How to turn your Hobby into a Career?

Getting Inspired

1. Here are 2 young people who turned their interest into a career. Choose one and watch the video.



Treandos: 8
Year Old Turns
His Passion for
Bow-Ties into
a Successful
Business

Alina: 14 Year
Old Girl Invents
Candy That's
Healthy for
Teeth



2. Find online another young person who turned their interest into a career.

3. Compare both young people in the following table.

Category/Name	Treandos / Alina	
Reasons for Starting a Business		
Challenges and Difficulties		
Help from Others		

4. Help Others! Use the table to summarize some advice for teenagers who dream about making a career out of their hobbies/passions.





10



FINANCIAL LITERACY

Content of the lesson: In this lesson you will learn financial and monetary concepts and vocabulary



OPENING

Translate these words:

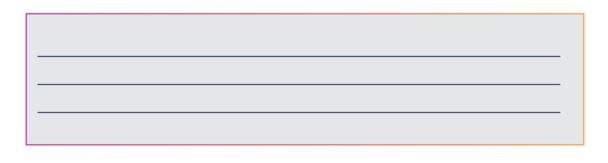
English	Heberew	English	Hebrew
to save money		make a budget	
to earn money		income	
to survive		expenses	
shelter		live within your	
		means	
responsible			

Me and My Money

- 1. Is there something you saved money for in the past? What was it?
- 2. For how long did you save?
- 3. Where did you save the money? In the bank or at home in a box?
- 4. Is there something you are saving money for now? What is it?



Share: think together of two ways in which you can save money now, as teenagers.





Video

Watch and learn

Watch this video in class and answer the questions as they appear.

- 1. What does the word 'earn' mean? [0:36]
 - a. להרוויח
 - b. לקנות
 - c. לחסוך
 - d. לקחת
- 2. What is an example of a need? [1:13]
 - a. food
 - b. candy
 - c. skateboard
- 3. A budget is made of [1:44]
 - a. income and money
 - b. income and expenses
 - c. money you spend
 - d. money you save









Group Work

Instagram Budget

1. I read a post written by They wrote about
2. Is this person financially literate?
3. Is he/she taking good care of their money and making smart choices with it?
4. Is he/she living within their budget OR living outside their means.
5. Suggest two more things the person who wrote the post can do in order to make his life more financially balanced. (If they live within a budget, suggest more ways of doing so, and if they live outside their means- suggest ways of using a budget).







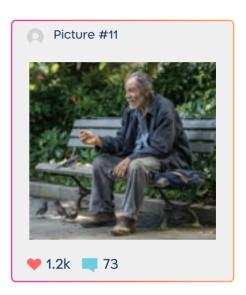




Writing Task

Tell a short story, using this picture and at least 4 of the words you have learned in this lesson. (make a budget, saving, needs, wants, expenses, live within his means, income, responsible)

You should write 50-100 words.









Voice your Choice



Voice your Choice



_	
_	



11-12

LITERATURE

Content of the lesson: The Ikigai model also shows us how important it is to think about what we can get paid for. In this lesson you will learn about different aspects of money, through literature.



OPENING

Option 1 - A Nursery Rhyme (A1)

Read the poem.

Underline new words you would like to look up their meaning.

Find a penny, pick it up,
All day long you'll have good luck.

Share the penny with a friend, And your luck will never end.

Give your penny to a charity

And then your heart will be merry.

Put the penny in your bank account, And see your savings grow in amount.











1. Match according to the poem. You can use the Answer Bank below.

	Action	Interaction	Result
	find, give, put, share	in the bank, to charity,	be lucky all the time, get
	iiiid, give, pot, siiare	pick it up, with a friend	rich, have good luck, have a merry heart
2.	2. Characteristics of a Nursery Rhyme:		
	a. What is the first adjective that comes to mind when you read this kind of poem?		
	b. Do you know who wrote it?		
	c. Who can enjoy a poem like this?		
	d. What is special about the pattern of the poem?		
3.	3. Use your answers to write a definition of a Nursery Rhyme.		
	A Nursery Rhyme is a		

(5)		2
•,	3	



4. (Optional) In groups, find a nursery rhyme in Hebrew and translate it into English.

שיר ילדים קצר	Translation

5.	In the IKIGAI model the 4th part is about bringing in an income, making
	money. It could be by doing a job or selling a product and/or a service.



- Find as many examples as you can of the following categories.
- Discuss and use each others' ideas to find more examples.

I pay people to teach me	I pay people to do (a skill or knowledge I don't have)	I buy from people (physical products or things adding value to my life)

6. What can you do, right now, to earn some money? What do you see yourself doing in the future?

I see myself working in	because	·
I see myself working as	because	



Option 2 - A Fairy Tale (A2)

Read and answer the questions:

The Magic Penny

Once upon a time, in a bustling town, there lived a young girl named Lily. One day, as she walked through the market, she spotted a shiny penny on the ground. Remembering an old nursery rhyme, she picked it up with a smile, thinking of the promised good luck.

Throughout the day, Lily shared her discovery with her friend, Sam. They decided to split the penny in half, each keeping a part. Little did they know that by sharing, their luck would double. As they went about their day, unexpected joys and surprises came their way.

In the spirit of kindness, Lily and Sam decided to give the remaining halves of their pennies to a local charity. As they dropped the coins into the donation box, they felt a warm glow inside. The nursery rhyme's wisdom proved true—sharing brought a sense of fulfillment and happiness.

Days passed, and Lily thought about the penny she had left. Inspired by a new idea, she decided to put it in her piggy bank. Every day, she added a few more coins, watching her savings grow. With patience and diligence, Lily's small savings turned into a substantial amount.

One day, as Lily counted her coins, she realized the true magic of the penny. It wasn't just about good luck; it was about the journey of sharing, giving, and saving. The once-small penny had transformed into a symbol of generosity and financial wisdom.

And so, in the town of joy and kindness, Lily's tale became a legend—a reminder that even the smallest acts of sharing and saving could lead to a lifetime of happiness and prosperity.





1. Match according to the poem. You can use the Answer Bank below.

Action	Interaction	Result

find, give, put, share	in the bank, to charity,	be lucky all the time, get
	pick it up, with a friend	rich, have good luck,
		have a merry heart



- 2. Read the Characteristics of a Fairy Tale, and answer the questions.
- A fairy tale has a theme or teaches an important lesson.
- ▼ Fairy tales may include magic, fantasy, or make-believe elements.
- There is a problem or conflict in the story and a happy ending when it is resolved.
- Fairy tales are set in the past and often begin with "Once upon a time".
- Fairy tales often include events, people, or objects in sets of three.
- The setting is often enchanted and may include royalty.
- Animals can sometimes talk or have other special abilities.
- A fairy tale includes good and evil characters.
 - A. Which of these elements does The Magic Penny have?
 - B. Write the title of another fairy tale in English or Hebrew.
 - C. What elements of fairy tales does it have?



 3. In the IKIGAI model the 4th part is about bringing in an income, making money. It could be by doing a job or selling a product and/or a service. Find as many examples as you can for the following categories, Discuss and use each others' ideas to find more examples. 		
I pay people to teach me	I pay people to do (a skill or knowledge I don't have)	I buy from people (physical products or things adding value to my life)
4. What can you do, right yourself doing in the fu	•	? What do you see
I see myself working in	because _	
I see myself working as	because _	





Option 3 - I need a Dollar / Aloe Blacc (A2)

Listen to the first half of the song [2:35] and fill in the missing words.
I need a dollar, dollar, a dollar is what I need (X3) if I share with you my would you share your dollar with me?
Bad times are, and I reap what I done sowed Well, let me tell you something all that glitters ain't It's been a long, old, trouble, long, old, troublesome road And I'm looking for come and help me carry this load.
I need a dollar, dollar, a dollar that's what I need (X2)
Well, I don't know if I'm walking on solid 'Cause around me is falling down And all I want is for someone to help me!
I had a, but the boss man let me go (He said) I'm sorry, but I won't be needing your no more (I said) Please, Mister Boss Man, I this job more than you know
But he gave me my last, and he sent me on out the door. Well, I need a dollar, dollar, a dollar that's what I need (x3) And if I with you my story, would you share your dollar
with me?
Well, I don't know if I'm on solid ground 'Cause everything around me is crumbling down And all I want is for someone to me!
What in the world am I gonna do [tomorrow]? Is there someone with a dollar I can? Who can help me take away my? Maybe it's inside the bottle?





1. This song was written for an American TV mini-series that ran for only one season. Go over the song and write the **titles** of the series' 3 episodes. Use your imagination and creativity!

Episode 1 (Pilot)	
Episode 2	
Episode 3 (Season Finale)	

Use your imagination and write a creative description about the life of the songwriter from his personal point of view, using information from the song:



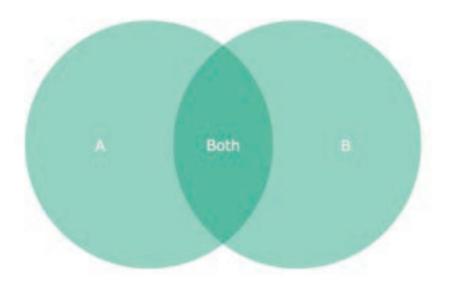
What's his name? Where does he live? What does he do for a living? Does he have a family?

My name is ...

3. This is Aloe Blacc's Wikipedia entry. He is the real songwriter who's real name is Egbert Nathaniel Dawkins III. Compare Aloe Blacc and the person you described in task 2: in what ways they are similar or different. Use a Venn Diagram:











4. In the IKIGAI model the 4th part is about bringing in an income, making money. It could be by doing a job or selling a product and/or a service. Find as many examples as you can to the following categories by interviewing friends and family members:

I pay people to teach me	I pay people to do (a skill or knowledge I don't have)	I buy from people (physical products or things adding value to my life)

5. What can you do, right now, to earn some money?

I see myself working in	because
I see myself working as	because



Part C - Language Focus



We are going to learn about different jobs and how to talk about them in English.

1. Listening

מזכיר/ה
מוזיקאי/ת
גימלאי∕ת
צלם/ת
כבאי/ת





233

2. Do you know what these jobs are? Translate.

1.	She's an influencer	
2.	He's a firefighter	
3.	She's a housewife	
4.	He's a police officer	
5.	She's a pensioner	
6.	He's a photographer	
7.	She's a soldier	
8.	He's a software developer	

3. Answer the following questions. (You can use any job more than once.)

Word Bank:			
influencer	firefighter	housewi	rife police officer
pensioner	photographer	soldier	software developer
Which of the	ese words -		
• are the	same in English	and	
Hebrew ?			
consist of two words?			
consist of two words that are		at are	
written as one?			
may some people consider 'not		der 'not	
real jobs'? Why?			
. car jox			

4. Now translate these jobs into English. You can use a dictionary to help you.

אדריכל	
רופאת שיניים	
מעצב אופנה	
משורר	
מזכיר/ה	



5. Match the jobs with follow-up comments.

1. He's a musician.	a. But these days we usually say 'stay-at-home-mom'.
2. She's a soldier now.	b. You can tell by his uniform.
3. She's a housewife.	c. He's used to performing in front of people.
4. He's a police officer.	d. He knows all about social media.
5. He's an influencer.	e. She is defending the country.

6. With your hand / a piece of paper, cover exercise 4 and **choose** the correct form of the verb.

1. He's a musician.	He's used to performing / to perform in front of an
	audience.
2. She's a soldier now.	She is defending / defends the country.
3. She's a housewife.	But these days we usually saying / say 'stay-at-
	home-mom'.
4. He's a police officer.	You can tell / to tell by his uniform.
5. He's an influencer.	He know / knows all about social media.



can tell by - יכול לראות לפי perform in front of an audience - להופיע מול קהל defend the country - להגן על המדינה





7a. Match these sentences about jobs with follow-up comments.

Pay attention to the words in bold.



1. He'd like to be an actor.	a. She takes care of small kids
2. He's a poet.	b. She examines people's teeth and treats them if
	they have problems
3. She's working as a	c. Theater and entertainment is his passion
babysitter.	
4. She works as a dentist	d. He's good at expressing ideas and emotions

exa	mine - לבדוק	express - א	לבט	take care (of)	לשמור על	לטפל ב /
er	ntertainment -ור	ביד	treat	- לטפל ב		
7b.	Which of the a	bove words is	s similar	in meaning to t	hese words	s?
•	check =					
•	look after =		_			



To describe someone's job, we say:

- He works as a <u>JOB</u>
- He works in an **AREA OF WORK** or a **PLACE**
- 8. Match these jobs with follow up comments

1. She works in advertising.	a. But she would like to be a manager one day.
2. He works in construction.	b. She's good with money.
3. She works as a secretary	c. Her job is to attract customers.
4. He works as a software	d. It's hard physical labor, but he really likes it.
developer.	
5. She works in a bank.	e. He designs new apps.





Whi	ich of these jobs is the harde	est? Why?	

- 9. Complete the dialogues below using the patterns:
- I work **in** ... or I work **as a** ...

how to manage different pages.

and the following jobs / areas of work:

sales photographer manager social most

sales photographer manager social media
A: What do you do?
B:
A: Do you enjoy it?
B: Yes, I know how to persuade people and I like doing it.
A: What do you do?
B:
A: What exactly do you do?
B: I take photos at weddings and other events.
A: So what do you do?
B:
A: What do you manage?
B: A small sales team in our company. I am responsible for 4 sales people.
A: So what do you do?
B:
A: Are you a social person?
B: Oh come on! You don't have to be a social person, but you should know







Student Portfolio



Exit Ticket
Write a short poem about money, at least 5 lines long.
Focus on the topic of money.
Think about what money means to you, how it affects people's lives,
and any feelings or thoughts you have about it.
1. Sentence Starters:
Money can buy
When I have money, I feel,
Money can be
With money, I can,
Money cannot buy,
2. Rhyming Words: (You can use the website RhymeZone)
Money - Sunny
Buy - Sky
Feel - Real
Dream - Team
Day - Way
-
·







=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
_	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	



Student Portfolio



=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
_	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	





GATE 3 - Research: Multipotentialites



1.	Emilie	Wapni	ick -	TED	talk	video

Let's meet Emilie Wapnick [00:38-02:44]

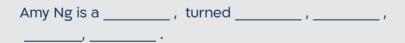
- 1. Can you relate to Emilie's story? Why or why not?
- 2. What do you want to be when you grow up?



According to Emilie, the question "What do you want to be when you grow up?" inspires us to dream about what we could be, but not about **ALL** that we could be. The reason is that when someone asks us what we want to be when we grow up, we can't reply with 20 different things... because if you do, most adults will tell you that you have to choose.

But do we really have to choose?

3. Listen and fill-in these sentences. [03:57- 04:50] Dr. Bob Childs is both a _____ and a _____.



4. Multipotentialites [04:51 - 06:29]

Describe a 'multipotentialite' in your own words:





A 'multipotentialite' is a person who...





5. Superpowers [06:30 - 10:28]. Multipotentialites have 3 superpowers:

Idea synthesis -	Rapid learninng -	Adaptability -

Translate these superpowers and add the title to the table. Read explanations and examples carefully.

Superpower			
Explanation	Combining two or more fields and creating something new.	Dive in and observe everything connected to the field	The ability to morph and change into whatever is needed in a situation.
Example	Meshu company - custom geographically inspired jewelry	Nora Dunn - pianist and typist	Abe Cajudo - video director, web designer, kickstarter consultant and teacher.



6. Research Task

These are pictures of famous 'multipotentialites'. How many of them can you name?

Play this game online:













Choose 1 famous 'multipotentialite', learn about him/her and describe their various fields of interest.

What 'multipotentialite superpowers' did they demonstrate in their careers (Idea Synthesis, Rapid Learning, Adaptability) and how?

Multipotentialite Name:
Their interests were:
Idea Synthesis -
Rapid Learning –
Adaptability -





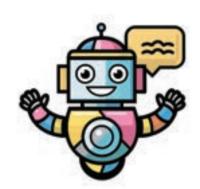




Part V Creating a Career ChatBot

What is an AI chatBot?

An AI chatbot is like a robot friend on the computer or phone that can talk to you. It uses its robot brain (AI language model) to understand what you say and then answers your questions or chats with you, almost like a real person, but it's all done with computer magic!



How to Make a Chatbot with Poe.ai

Remember, making a chatbot is about trial and error. Don't worry if it's not perfect at first. Keep practicing and have fun with it!

1. S	ign Up or Log In			
•	Go to the Poe.ai website https://poe.com/			
•	If you have an account, log in. If not, sign up for			
	free.			
2. E	xplore			
•	Before creating your own Bot, explore existing			
	bots to see how a bot works. Try any category of	•		
	bots that interests you, sports, music, games and	Q		
	so on.	Explore >		
•	Write to yourself notes, what you liked or liked			
	less in the bots you interacted with.			
3. S	tart a New Project			
•	Go back to the main page, look for a button that	(A)		
	says "Create Bot" and click on it.	Create bot +		
	,			
4. C	hoose Picture, Name and Base			
•	You can create a picture using an AI image			
	generator.			
•	The bot name is called a Handle. This can be	U U		
	anything you like.			
•	As Base for the bot you can use ChatGPT 3.5,			
_	or any other text model that doesn't require	Edit picture		
	payment.			
	payment			



5. Prompt	MACRA CEAL AND THE TOTAL
Here you program the bot how to behave. For	Use prompt
example:	Alternative Carlo
 You are a very experienced career advisor 	
 You will respond in a professional, but down-to- 	
earth response.	
 You can ask at least 4 questions before giving 	
advice. Make sure these questions align with the	
Ikigai model provided in the Knowledge Base.	
6. Knowledge Base	
Prepare a Knowledge Base document.	
Instructions (page 98).	
 Upload a Knowledge Base document using the "+ 	
Add knowledge source" button.	
7. Greeting message	
Create an introductory opening including a	
question for your ChatBot users. This will be seen	
at the beginning of each conversation with your	
Bot.	
For example:	
Hi, I am your I am here to help you Before	
we start, tell me about	
·	
8. Test Your ChatBot	
This is also called QA (Quality Assurance).	
Create your Bot and use it yourself. Try different	
questions with your Bot to make sure it works	
well.	
 Send your ChatBot to family and friends, and 	
ask them to test the bot and see that it stays on	
topic, answers correctly and in general works.	
Make changes to the Knowledge Base or prompt	
if needed.	
Keep testing until you're happy with how it	
responds.	
·	





Knowledge Based Document

In this lesson you will be creating a Knowledge Base Document for your Career Advisor Chatbot.

Part 1 - Explaining Ikigai

Write a short paragraph explaining the Ikigai model. Use everything you have read and learned in this unit, you can use other reliable resources too. Relate to the model's 4 parts.

Part 2 - Explaining the model parts

For each part provide an explanation of what it means. For example, "If you love playing video games and you are good at coding, you might enjoy a career in game design."

Add short questions at the end of each section. Examples:

- For Passion: "List three activities you love doing."
- For Vocation: "What are three skills you are good at?"
- For Mission: "Name three problems in the world you want to help solve."
- For Profession: "What are three jobs that interest you?"





Tips for Writing:

- Use Simple Language. Write short sentences. Use easy words.
- Be Clear and Concise: Make your explanations easy to follow.

Final Step: Review and Edit

- Check your work. Make sure there are no mistakes.
- Ask a friend or teacher to read your document. They can help you find errors or parts that are hard to understand.





Student Portfolio



===	
===	
===	
===	







=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
_	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
=	
_	



Glossary

	PoS	Meaning
ability	n	
access limited access	n	
affordable	adj	people can buy it
architect	n	
bright	adj	
budget	n	
business do business (with)		to trade
business start own business	n	company, organization
charity	n	
concern a growing concern	n	worry
contribute	V	
dentist	n	
developer software developer		
designer fashion designer	n	
difference	n	
disappear	V	
earn money	V	
educational	adj	
entertainment	n	
examine	V	look at carefully



	PoS	Meaning
excited	adj	
expenses	n	money spent on sth
express	V	feelings
firefighter	n	
fitness	n	
gap	n	space, break
get better		improve
get older		
go wrong		fail, turn badly
guess what		
health	n	
hero superhero		
housewife	n	
housing	n	
improve	V	
income	n	
influencer	n	
inspire	V	
instrument	n	musical instrument
limit put limits on limited access	v,n	
live within your means		



	PoS	Meaning
magical	adj	
major major problem	adj	serious, important
make friends (with sb)		
make sure (that)		
musician	n	
opportunity	n	chance
pensioner pension	n	
photographer	n	
poet	n	
practical	adj	
program	n,v	
protection	n	
put your hands up		
put your mind to		
reduce	V	
research	n	
responsible	adj	
save money		collect for the future
secretary	n	
shelter	n	
skills	n	
soldier	n	



	PoS	Meaning
stay in shape		
support support yourself		serious, important
survive	V	
take care of sb/sth		
talents	n	
team sports		chance
think outside the box		
treasure	n	
treat	V	
unique	adj	one of its kind
valuable	adj	
work out		